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## Infinite Campus Scheduling rules...

- **Before** - Course A is before Course B. This rule limits the terms into which a course can be rostered. For example, Math 100 is before Math 101. If Math 101 is rostered into term 3, Math 100 can only be rostered in term 1 or 2.
- **After** - Course A is after Course B. This rule limits the terms into which a course can be rostered and is the complement of Before. For example, Math 101 is after Math 100. If Math 100 is rostered into term 1, Math 101 can only be rostered in term 2, 3 or 4.
- **Precedes** - Course A precedes Course B. This rule is a stricter version of the Before rule, with the addition that the courses must be in consecutive terms. For example, Math 10A precedes Math 10B. If Math 10B is rostered into term 4, Math 10A can only be rostered in term 3.
- **Follows** - Course A follows Course B. This rule is the complement of the Precedes rule (and is a stricter version of After). For example, Math 10B follows Math 10A. If Math 10A is rostered into term 1, Math 10B can only be rostered in term 2.
- **Consecutive** - This rule states the courses must be in consecutive terms but not in any order. Math A is rostered into term 1 and Math B is rostered into term 2 or Math B is rostered into term 1 and Math A is rostered into term 2.
- **Same Teacher** - This rule states that two courses must be taught by the same teacher. This also works for team teaching if the same team of teachers teaches both courses. For example, Spanish A has the same teacher as Spanish B. If Spanish A is rostered with Ms. Hernandez, then Spanish B can only be rostered in a section taught by Ms. Hernandez. Same teacher will not be confused by teachers with the same name. Note: If team teaching is used with the same teacher rule, errors may be encountered when different combinations of the same teachers are used with the rule.
- **Same Section** - This rule states that both courses must be scheduled into sections that have the same section number. This is the strictest rule and takes precedence over all others. For example, Biology - 303 is the same section as

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Biology Lab - 303L. If a student is rostered into Biology - 303, section 1, the student can only be rostered into Biology Lab - 303L, section 1.

- **Same Period** - This rule states that both courses must be scheduled into a section that meets during same period number during different terms. For example, English 10A is the same period as English 10B. If a student is rostered into a section of 10A that meets term 1, period 2, English 10B must be rostered into term 2, 3 or 4 during period 2.
- **Same** - This rule states that both courses must be scheduled into different periods of the same term. For example, English 100 is the same term as Literature 101. If a student is rostered into a section of English 100 during term 1, he or she must be rostered into a section of Literature 101 that meets during term 1, but not during the same period.
- **Not same** - This rule states that both courses must be scheduled into different terms. This rule is common for Phy Ed classes. Example Phy Ed 101 is not same as Fitness 110. If Phys Ed 101 is rostered into a section that meets term 2, the student can only be rostered into a section of Fitness 110 that meets terms 1, 3 or 4.
- **Skinny** - This rule states that both courses are scheduled during the same period and the same term. For example, Career is skinnied with Chorus during 3rd hour term 1. The student goes to Career half of the hour and Chorus the other half of the hour, OR if the courses meet every other day or every couple weeks. Skinny is a strict rule that takes precedence over many of the others.
- **Bind** - This rule states the student must be rostered into sections of both courses or neither course. Biology - 303 binds to Biology Lab - 303L. If the load finishes and the student is only rostered into a section of 303 and not 303L, then the loader will unload the section of 303. Using bind can result in increased conflicts. Some users prefer to have every section of a course sequence scheduled or none at all. In this situation, bind will free up seats for when guidance counselors start hand scheduling the remaining conflicts.
- **Combined** - This rule states that two courses can be taught in the same classroom by the same teacher. This will have the scheduler ignore those teacher and room conflicts.