Unit 10- During this unit, students will construct an argument based on evidence about the simultaneous coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth. Students will also analyze geoscience data and the results from global climate models to make an evidence based forecast of the current rate of global or regional climate change and associated future impacts to Earth systems.

### **Driving Questions:**

- How have the shape and configuration of continents and ocean basins changed through time?
- How do we use the rock record to construct an account of species that lived on Earth in the past?
- What evidence can we use to reconstruct Earth's recent past?

#### **NYSSLS Standards:**

<u>Lesson 10.1</u>: In this lesson, students identify and explore lines of evidence that can be used to determine the geologic history of an area (SEP Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions, CCC Stability and Change, CCC Structure and Function). This includes examining and interpreting fossil, stratiographic and radiometric evidence (DCI ESS1.C).

- HS-ESS2-7 Construct an argument based on evidence about the simultaneous coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth.
  - ESS2.E Biogeology
    - The many dynamic and delicate feedbacks between the biosphere and other Earth systems cause a continual co-evolution of Earth's surface and the life that exists on it. (HS-ESS2-7)
- HS-ESS1-6 Apply scientific reasoning and evidence from ancient Earth materials, meteorites, and other planetary surfaces to construct an account of Earth's formation and early history.
  - o ESS1.C The History of Planet Earth
    - Although active geologic processes, such as plate tectonics and erosion, have destroyed or altered most of the very early rock record on Earth, other objects in the solar system, such as lunar rocks, asteroids, and meteorites, have changed little over billions of years. Studying these objects can provide information about Earth's formation and early history. (HS-ESS1-6)
  - PS1.C Nuclear Processes
    - (NYSED) Spontaneous radioactive decay follows a characteristic exponential decay law allowing an element's half-life to be used for radiometric dating of rocks and other materials. (secondary to HS-ESS1 5),(secondary to HS-ESS1-6)

Lesson 10.2: In this lesson, students construct an explanation based on evidence (SEP Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions) for how the geologic time scale is used to organize Earth's history (DCI ESS1.C, CCC Scale, Proportion, and Quantity). Students engage in argument from evidence (SEP Engaging in Argument from Evidence) to assess the impact of changes in continental structure and climate (CCC Stability and Change) on the development of life on Earth (DCI ESS2.E). Students also interpret patterns among the development of new life forms and mass extinctions (CCC Patterns) to evaluate and communicate information (SEP Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information) regarding Earth's history based on patterns.

- HS-ESS1-5 Evaluate evidence of the past and current movements of continental and oceanic crust and the theory of plate tectonics to explain the ages of crustal rocks.
  - ESS1.C The History of Planet Earth
    - The geologic time scale interpreted from rock strata provides a way to organize Earth's history. Analyses of rock strata and the fossil record provide only relative dates, not an absolute scale. (MS-ESS1-4)
    - Continental rocks, which can be older than 4 billion years, are generally much older than the rocks of the ocean floor, which are less than 200 million years old. (HS-ESS1-5)
- HS-ESS2-7 Construct an argument based on evidence about the simultaneous coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth.
  - ESS2.E Biogeology
    - The many dynamic and delicate feedbacks between the biosphere and other Earth systems cause a continual coevolution of Earth's surface and the life that exists on it. (HS-ESS2-7)

<u>Lesson 10.3</u>: In this lesson, In this lesson, students synthesize evidence of the past (SEP Engaging in Argument from Evidence, DCI ESS2.A, CCC Scale, Proportion, and Quantity) to construct an argument based on evidence about the simultaneous coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth. Students use current observations and models (SEP Developing and Using Models) to make inferences about the geosphere, climate, and biosphere in the past (CCC Stability and Change, DCI ESS2.E) and use models to make predictions about how those systems will evolve in the future (CCC Systems and System Models, DCI ESS2.D).

- HS-ESS2-6 Develop a quantitative model to describe the cycling of carbon among the hydrosphere, atmosphere, geosphere, and biosphere.
  - ESS2.D Weather and Climate
    - Gradual atmospheric changes were due to plants and other organisms that captured carbon dioxide and released oxygen. (HS-ESS2-6), (HS-ESS2-7)
- HS-ESS2-7 Construct an argument based on evidence about the coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth.

- o ESS2.E Biogeology
  - The many dynamic and delicate feedbacks between the biosphere and other Earth systems cause a continual coevolution of Earth's surface and the life that exists on it. (HS-ESS2-7)
- HS-ESS2-2 Analyze geoscience data to make the claim that one change to Earth's surface can create feedbacks that cause changes to Earth's systems.

568-570)

- o ESS2.A Earth Materials and Systems
  - Earth's systems, being dynamic and interacting, cause feedback effects that can increase or decrease the original changes. (HS-ESS2-2)
- HS-ESS3-5 Analyze geoscience data and the results from global climate models to make an evidence-based forecast of the current rate of global or regional climate change and associated future impacts to Earth systems.
  - **o** ESS3.D Global Climate Change

■ Though the magnitudes of human impacts are greater than they have ever been, so too are human abilities to model, predict, and manage current and future impacts. (HS-ESS3-5)

### **Science & Engineering Practices (link to SEP break-down):**

- Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions
- Engaging in Argument from Evidence
- Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information
- Developing and Using Models
- Scientific Knowledge is Based on Empirical Evidence

### Crosscutting Concepts (<u>link to guiding questions for CCC</u>):

- Stability and Change
- Systems and System Models
- Scale, Proportion, and Quantity
- Structure and Function
- Patterns

### **Opportunities for Student Collaboration p. 557H (Complete Collaboration Strategy Guide):**

• Self-Assessment pp. 558, 598 • Think, Pair, Share pp. 563, 564, 572, 582, 588, 590, 592, 594 • Claims, Evidence, Reasoning pp. 564, 566, 589 • One Move p. 568 • Group Activity pp. 580, 587 • Four Corners p. 562, 585 • Models p. 600 • Think Fast p. 600 •

Time Frame	Lesson Framework	Instructional Sequence	Resources- HMH Dimensions- Earth & Space Science Textbook	Resources- HMH Dimensions Digital Component	Additional Resources
4/10/23- 4/28/23	Unit 10: Exploring Earth's History		Unit Opener (Pre-Assessment):     Predict- Why is it important to understand the formation and breakup of past supercontinents? (pp.556-557)	• Unit Project: Exploring Pangaea- Students investigate fossils, climate change, and other lines of evidence to understand how the supercontinent Pangaea formed and broke apart and the landmasses came to occupy their current locations. They demonstrate how fossil and climate considerations support the theory of plate tectonics. They present their explanations in the form of maps or computer simulations.	
	Lesson 10.1- The Rock and Fossil Record  In this lesson, you will explain	Engage	• Phenomenon: Can You Explain It?- How do the 40 distinct layers of rock and fossil exposed in the canyon cut by the Colorado River tell us about Earth's history? (p. 558)		ESRT:  • Geologic History of New York State (pp. 8 & 9)
	how fossils and rock records provide insight into Earth's distant past.	Explore/ Explain	<ul> <li>Exploration 1- Fossil Formation and Types of Fossils (pp. 559-562)</li> <li>Exploration 2- Evidence Provided by Fossils (pp. 563-567)</li> <li>Exploration 3- The Relative Ages of Rocks (pp.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lesson 1- The Rock and Fossil Record PPT (editable)</li> <li>Exploration 2: Hands-On Lab- History in the Rocks- In this lab, students demonstrate the use of index fossils for determining relative and absolute ages.</li> </ul>	• Radioactive Decay Data (p. 1)  What Can Rocks Tell Us About Earth's History?

Pre-Assessment Probe

		ence 2 cpar amond 2 are in Science Cine	20 Emploring Euron's Illistory	
Vocabulary: fossil relative age absolute age	Elaborate	<ul> <li>Exploration 4- The Absolute Ages of Rocks (pp. 571-573)</li> <li>Continue Your Exploration- Hands-On Lab-Modeling Molds and Casts (p. 574)- In this lab, students model how different types of fossils form.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Exploration 3: Hands-On Lab- Determining the Relative Age of Rock Strata- In this lab, students model how large-scale forces change rock strata.</li> <li>Continue Your Exploration:         <ul> <li>Natural History Museum Curator</li> <li>William Smith</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Investigating Radioactive Decay and Absolute Dating  Radioactive Dating Game
	Evaluate	<ul> <li>Lesson Self Check (pp.575-577)- Can You Explain It- Revisit</li> <li>Make Your Own Study Guide (p. 577)</li> <li>Checkpoint Questions (pp. 576-577)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can You Explain It? Revisit</li> <li>Checkpoint Questions</li> <li>Make Your Own Study Guide</li> <li>Unit 10- Lesson 1 Quiz</li> </ul>	Index Fossil & Correlation Lab  Rock Correlation and NYS History
				Sequencing Events in Geologic History
Lesson 10.2- Geologic Time  In this lesson, you will use	Engage	• Phenomenon: Can You Explain It?- What caused the mass extinctions that have taken place in the past 550 million years?		ESRT:  • Geologic History  of New York State
fossils to explain evolution and to describe changes during Earth's geologic eras.  Vocabulary: Precambrian supercontinent	Explore/ Explain	<ul> <li>Exploration 1- Early Earth (pp. 579-582)</li> <li>Exploration 2- Earth During the Paleozoic Era (pp. 583-586)</li> <li>Exploration 3- Earth During the Mesozoic Era (pp. 587-590)</li> <li>Exploration 4- Earth During the Cenozoic Era (pp. 591-594)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lesson 2- Geologic Time PPT (editable)</li> <li>Exploration 3: Hands-On Lab- Matching Lines of Evidence- In this lab, students model the lines of evidence for the age of the Atlantic Ocean.</li> </ul>	(pp. 8 & 9) • Generalized Bedrock Geology of New York State (p. 3)  Geologic History of New
cyanobacteria Paleozoic era Mesozoic era Cenozoic era	Elaborate	• Continue Your Exploration - Hands-On Lab-Build Your Own Timescale (p. 595)- In this lab, students make a model to show the scale of time since Earth's creation.	<ul> <li>Continue Your Exploration:</li> <li>The Late Heavy Bombardment</li> <li>The "Snowball Earth"</li> </ul>	York State: Three Level Guide to Diagram Interpretation  *In the Community-
ice age	Evaluate	<ul> <li>Lesson Self Check (pp.596-597)- Can You Explain It- Revisit</li> <li>Make Your Own Study Guide (p. 597)</li> <li>Checkpoint Questions (p. 597)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can You Explain It? Revisit</li> <li>Checkpoint Questions</li> <li>Make Your Own Study Guide</li> <li>Unit 10- Lesson 2 Quiz</li> </ul>	Turning Back Time (p. 557H)
Lesson 10.3- Earth: Past,	Engage	Phenomenon: Can You Explain It?- What		ESRT:
In this lesson, you will use evidence to explain changes in Earth's past and predict changes in Earth's future.	Explore/ Explain	<ul> <li>processes led to the formation of the Great Lakes?</li> <li>Exploration 1- Evidence of Earth's Recent Past (pp. 599-600)</li> <li>Exploration 2- Earth's Recent Past (pp. 601-603)</li> <li>Exploration 3- Models of the Future (pp. 604-605)</li> </ul>	• Lesson 3- Earth: Past, Present, and Future PPT (editable)	• Geologic History of New York State (pp. 8 & 9)

Vocabulary: glacials interglacials	Elaborate Evaluate	<ul> <li>Continue Your Exploration-         Design Your Own Timeline-         In this lab, students design timelines for the Cenozoic era- or longer alone- and extend them into the future.</li> <li>Lesson Self Check (pp. 607-609)- Can You Explain It- Revisit</li> <li>Make Your Own Study Guide (p. 609)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Exploration 2: Lab Hands-On Lab- Glaciers and Sea Level Change- In this lab, students model the melting of an ice sheet and analyze the effects of melting ice on sea level.</li> <li>Continue Your Exploration:         <ul> <li>Explore Proxy Data</li> <li>Migration Routes</li> <li>Future Supercontinents</li> </ul> </li> <li>This Fossil Exist in New York State? Version A</li> </ul>	Level Change- In this lab, students model ice sheet and analyze the effects of melting Continue Your Exploration: Explore Proxy Data Migration Routes Future Supercontinents Can You Explain It? Revisit Checkpoint Questions	Performance Task- Does This Fossil Exist in New
		• Checkpoint Questions (pp. 608-609)	• Unit 10- Lesson 3 Quiz	Unit 10- Lesson 3 Quiz	
Thing Explainer  Enrichment: Unit Connection Activities (Optional)		<ul> <li>Earth's Past (pp. 610-613)</li> <li>Engineering- Pangea</li> <li>Art- Artistic License</li> <li>Computer Science- Mapping Fossils</li> </ul>			
Unit Close		<ul> <li>Synthesize the Unit (p. 615)</li> <li>Driving Questions (revisit)</li> <li>Practice and Review Questions (pp. 615-616)</li> <li>Unit Project Revisited (p. 616)</li> <li>Unit Performance Task (p. 617)</li> </ul>	extra support    Contract B can be used to assess students who need extra support   Earth (Editable item bank available item b	<ul> <li>Unit Test A- provides an in-depth asses</li> <li>Performance Expectations aligned to th</li> <li>Unit Test B can be used to assess student</li> </ul>	HMH Earth & Space Science Unit 10- History of Earth (Editable item bank available under Public Assignments in

#### Resources

http://ngss.nsta.org/Classroom-Resources.aspx - Searchable NYSSLS/NGSS aligned resources curated by NSTA

BPS Earth Science Website - BPS Earth Science curriculum resource hub

BPS Science Department Recommended Virtual Labs – Virtual lab resources with embedded links to virtual labs and student sheets. Must be logged into BPS google account through BPS Gmail account to access.

BPS Science Department CER Student Writing Template (BPS Science Department CER Practice with a Graph)

BFS Science Department CER Student writing Template (BFS Science Department CER Flactice with a Graph)					
NYSED's Office of State Assessment webpage - Access to Released Regents Earth Science Examinations					
Science Learning Standards (HS) – NYSSLS High School Standards for Earth Science					
NYSED Bilingual Glossaries – NYS Statewide Language Regional Bilingual Education Resource for NYSED approved bilingual glossaries.					
English	Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing	Instructional Accommodations
Language	• Cross- Linguistic Practices:	• Sentence Frames - to begin a	• Supplementary Text to reinforce	• Sentence Frames - to begin a	(depending on the student's needs)
Learners (ELL)	Gives students opportunities to	sentence - such as Evolution is	concepts. If necessary, use lower	sentence- such as <i>Biodiversity</i>	• Extended time for tests in class,
Enhancements	make connections between what	or I think that evolution is	Lexile levels to ensure	is or An example of	projects and assignments
	they hear and their home language	Academic Conversation	comprehension.	competition is	• Directions read. Broken down
To access	(For example, allow students to	Starters: Have a visual of a list	• <u>Visual Aids</u> - Pictures or models to	• Cloze passages with word	as necessary
hyperlinked	listen to a passage and identify	of academic sentence starters that	support vocabulary words/ concepts	banks	Model how to complete the
material, you	cognates.)	students can refer to in a	,	• Word banks	activity in the lesson
				-	

## must be logged into your BPS Google Drive

- **Build background knowledge**
- **Activating Prior Knowledge**
- **Activating prior knowledge** means both eliciting from students what they already know and building initial knowledge that they need in order to access upcoming content
- Visuals GIFs, pictures- will assist students in understanding what they are listening to. Visual thinking strategies set the lens for learning.
- Video to review/ introduce a topic - use closed captioning so students see the words and pronunciations while they listen to the content
- Word stretching / Vowel stretching allows student to listen closely to the pronunciation words
- **Performance Level Descriptors** this document provides teachers with a description of what output they can expect from students based on earned NYSESLAT levels in the modality of listening Scroll for grades 9-12.

happen. or My data shows that... This aids students in having more science focused dialogue.

- **Choral Reading** Build fluency, self-confidence and motivation with reading/speaking
- Create **movement** to go with the word. Movement can be a motivating factor and kinesthetic tool for conceptualizing the rhythm and flow of fluent reading while triggering brain function for optimal learning
- **Performance Level Descriptors** - this document provides teachers with a description of what output they can expect from students based on earned NYSESLAT levels in the modality of speaking. Scroll for grades 9-12

- discussion such as *I expect* to Video to review introduce a topic use **closed captioning** so students can read along and listen to content
  - 4 Square / Frayer models to help students gain a deeper understanding of vocabulary.
  - **Highlighting** important text to assist students in answering questions after the reading.
  - Chunking-Break reading of text into chunks or paragraphs
  - Vocabulary Morphologysegmenting words into affixes (prefixes/suffixes) and roots/base words. Understanding that words connected by meaning/origin can be connected by spelling can be critical to expanding a student's vocabulary.
  - **Performance Level Descriptors**this document provides teachers with a description of what output they can expect from students based on earned NYSESLAT levels in the modality of reading. Scroll for grades 9-12.

- Graphic Organizers to help break down the writing process and organize thoughts
- **Standards-based sentence** stems
- **Performance Level Descriptors**- this document provides teachers with a description of what output they can expect from students based on earned NYSESLAT levels in the modality of writing. Scroll for grades 9-12.
- **Oral simplification** of directions or questions
- **Translated version** of test when available. Student may have both version English and native language version
- Use of approved bilingual glossaries from NYS in each subject

### **Special** Education **Modifications**

### **Special** Education students must have accommodations as per **Individual** Educational Plan (IEP)

#### Instructional

- Pre-teach vocabulary
- Use picture vocabulary
- Scaffold **Depth of Knowledge** questions
- Provide copy of notes/**notes in "cloze"** form
- Use of Think, Pair, and Share strategy to help process information
- **Scaffold** written assignments with the use of **graphic organizers**
- Allow for **multiple ways to respond** (verbal, written, response board)
- Provide model of performance task
- **Modify informational text** to fit the needs of the students
- Provide a digital or paper interactive notebook
- Present complex tasks in multiple ways Provide mnemonic strategies for Living Environment concepts

#### Technology:

- Audio reading of text
- **Text to type** functions
- Videos to clarify/visualize Living Environment concepts
- Record class lecture/discussions and make accessible to student
- **Nearpod** interactive presentations of notes
- Playposit show a video clip about the topic and add your own questions for them to answer as they watch
- Allow students to type answers in chat on **Teams**

### Other:

- Arrange seating for maximum engagement and minimum distraction
- Accessible lab space (counter level)

#### **In Class Assessments**

- Provide review packet or review sheet of concepts covered on the test
- Practice similar questions prior to the
- Provide **multiple options** for projects
- Give a **timeline** of when things are due and remind them of the process often.
- Use of timer in class
- Break all complex tasks into chunks

<b>BPS Science</b>	SUTW Strategies					
K-12 Schoology	Informal Outline					
Folder:	Color-Coding – Informative/Explanatory Text					
9-12 Resources	Two-column notes					
Earth Science	I-V-F Topic Sentence progressing to Four Step Summary Paragraph					
Resources	CUPS – Capitalization, Usage, Punctuation, Spelling					
Curriculum	<ul> <li>Transitions</li> </ul>					
Materials						
Culturally and	Materials, resources, and/or discussions address diverse cultural backgrounds and real-world applications					
Linguistically	• Artifacts (posters, charts, etc.) in the science classroom are representative of the cultures of the student population					
Responsive	• All students are given an opportunity to engage in science discourse					
Teaching	• Teacher demonstrates high expectations for all students					
(CLRT) in the						
Science	CLRT resources which align to Science content are denoted with a *					
Classroom						