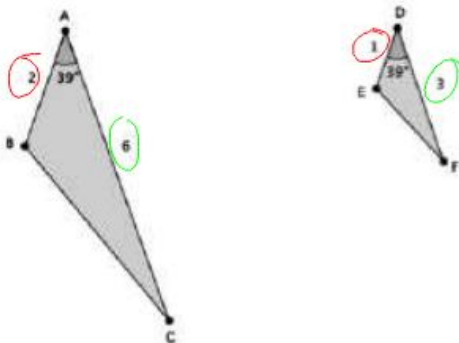


Lesson Summary

Given just one pair of corresponding angles of a triangle as equal, use the side lengths along the given angle to determine if triangles are in fact similar.



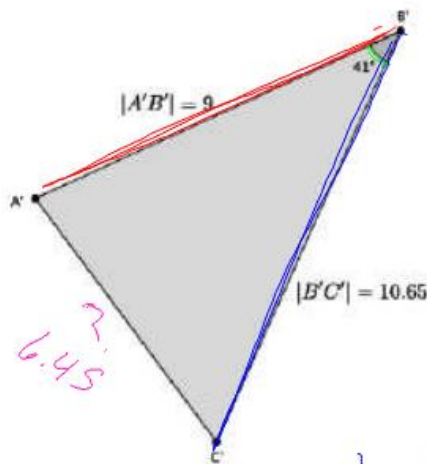
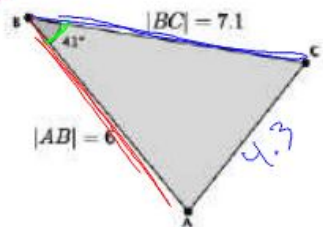
$|\angle A| = |\angle D|$  and  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6} = r$  therefore,  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ .

Given similar triangles, use the fact that ratios of corresponding sides are equal to find any missing measurements.

Problem Set

1. In the diagram below, you have  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle A'B'C'$ . Use this information to answer parts (a)–(b).

$|A'C'| = r \times |AC|$   
 $= 1.5 \times 4.3$   
 $= 6.45$



$r = \frac{9}{6} = \frac{3}{2} = 1.5$

$r = \frac{|B'C'|}{|BC|} = \frac{10.65}{7.1} = 1.5$

- a. Based on the information given, is  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A'B'C'$ ? Explain.
- b. Assume the length of side  $AC$  is 4.3. What is the length of side  $A'C'$ ?

$|A'C'| = 6.45$

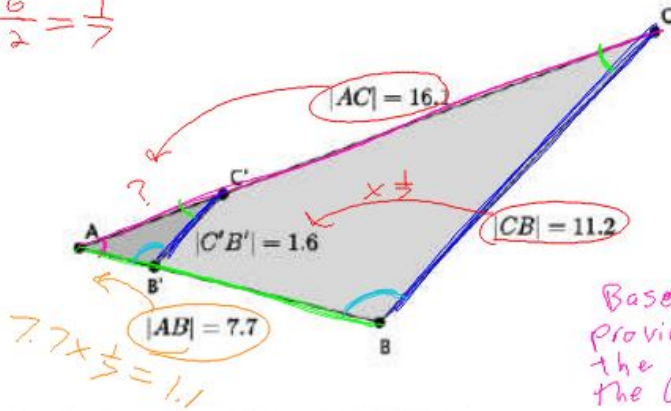
$|AB| = |A'B'|$ , and  $\frac{9}{6} = \frac{10.65}{7.1} = 1.5 = r$ , Therefore  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A'B'C'$

2. In the diagram below, you have  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle AB'C'$ . Use this information to answer parts (a)–(d).

$$r = \frac{N}{D} = \frac{|C'B'|}{|CB|} = \frac{1.6}{11.2} = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$|AC'| = r \times |AC| = \frac{1}{7} \times 16.1 = 2.3$$

$$|AB'| = 7.7 \times \frac{1}{7} = 1.1$$



$$r = \frac{N}{D} = \frac{?}{16.1}$$

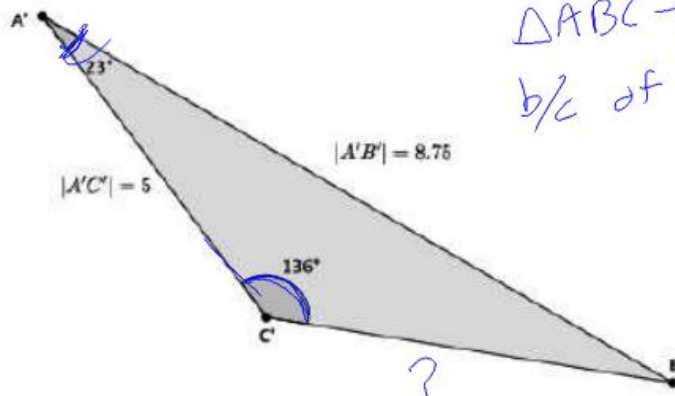
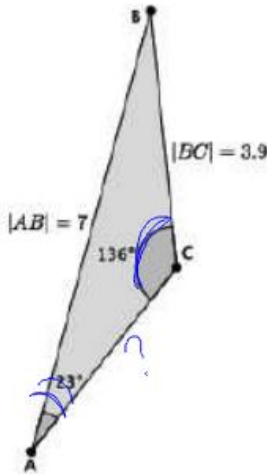
$$r = \frac{|AC'|}{|AC|} = \frac{?}{16.1}$$

Based on the information provided we cannot tell if the  $\triangle$ 's are similar. We need the lengths of  $AC'$  and  $AB'$

- Based on the information given, is  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle AB'C'$ ? Explain.
- Assume line  $BC$  is parallel to line  $B'C'$ . With this information, can you say that  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle AB'C'$ ? Explain.
- Given that  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle AB'C'$ , determine the length of side  $AC'$ .
- Given that  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle AB'C'$ , determine the length of side  $AB'$ .

If  $BC \parallel B'C'$  then  $\angle C = \angle C'$  because they are corresponding  $\angle$ 's on parallel lines.  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle AB'C'$

3. In the diagram below, you have  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle A'B'C'$ . Use this information to answer parts (a)–(c).



because they have 2 pairs of corresponding  $\angle$ 's that are equal in measure  
AA criterion

$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A'B'C'$   
b/c of the AA criterion

- Based on the information given, is  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A'B'C'$ ? Explain.
- Given that  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A'B'C'$ , determine the length of side  $B'C'$ .
- Given that  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A'B'C'$ , determine the length of side  $AC$ .